

Carclo plc Full Year Results Investor Presentation 30 June 2021


Nick Sanders
Executive Chairman


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## Agenda

- Overview
- Strategy
- Financial Overview
- Summary and Outlook


## Overview

- Resilient revenue performance despite COVID-19
- Net cash from operating activities from continuing operations was £8.4m (2020: £6.9m)
- Statutory operating profit from continuing operations increased to £9.3m (2020: £1.8m)
- Net exceptional gain in the year of $£ 4.5 \mathrm{~m}$, reflects a $£ 6.5 \mathrm{~m}$ pension credit, primarily from the introduction of flexible early retirement benefits, offset by $£ 2.0 \mathrm{~m}$ restructuring costs
- Group stabilised and simplified after LED Technologies business disposal
- New Board recruited
- Three-year agreement on financing and pension contributions provide a stable platform for the business to move forward
- Continuing to invest in support of strong growth momentum in the Technical Plastics business

[^0]
## Overview

- CTP
- Strong performance in challenging circumstances
- Winning new business and new customers in medical and diagnostics sector
- Investment in CAPEX for future growth
- Aerospace
- Remained EBITDA profitable and cash generative
- Market recovery some way off
- Focus on winning new customers
- Improved business processes
- Simplified central structure and autonomous divisions
- Focus on operational performance through rigorous weekly and monthly reviews
- Strong focus on working capital


## Strategy

Our strategy is to leverage our position as a trusted and collaborative provider of engineering solutions for medical, optical, electronic and aerospace markets.

- Strategic reviews completed of both divisions
- Strengthening business development focus
- Maximise sales to existing customers in Europe and Asia
- Expanding production capacity to capitalise on future growth opportunities
- Focusing on operational excellence
- Our goal is to deliver sustainable, profitable growth


## carclo

Phil White
Chief Financial Officer

## Financial Results for the full year ended 31 March 2021

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## OUR HIGHLIGHTS

Revenue from continuing operations (£m)
£107.6m

## £110.5m

 profit ( $£ m$ )£9.3m
2020:
£1.8m

Underlying operating profit ${ }^{1}$ (£m)
£4.8m
2020:
£7.3m

Net debt excluding lease liabilities (£m)
£20.5m

2020:
£22.1m

Underlying earnings per share from continuing operations (p)
debt ( $£ \mathrm{~m}$ )
£27.6m 2020: £27.4m

## Summary - COVID-19 impact significantly mitigated

- Revenue resilient at 2.7\% down YOY despite COVID-19 impact
- CTP Revenue broadly similar YOY £102.5m (2020: £103.1m)
- Aerospace Revenue $£ 5.1 \mathrm{~m}$, down $31.7 \%$ ( $£ 2.4 \mathrm{~m}$ ) YOY on COVID-19 sector impact
- Underlying operating profit $£ 4.8$ m, down $£ 2.5 \mathrm{~m}$ YOY comprising:
- CTP operating profit almost level at $£ 9.2 \mathrm{~m}$ (2020: $£ 9.3 \mathrm{~m}$ )
- Aerospace operating profit $£ 1.1 \mathrm{~m}$ down on $£ 2.4 \mathrm{~m}$ lower revenue
- Central costs up $£ 0.6 \mathrm{~m}$ on fx translation and $£ 0.7 \mathrm{~m}$ higher PPF levy costs
- Underlying eps down to 2.4 p from 4.9p on $£ 1.7 \mathrm{~m}$ earnings down from $£ 3.6 \mathrm{~m}$
- Group statutory retained operating profit rose $£ 7.5 \mathrm{~m}$ YOY to $£ 9.3 \mathrm{~m}$ on $£ 10 \mathrm{~m}$ gains in exceptional items
- Net debt (excluding leases) was $£ 1.6 \mathrm{~m}$ lower at $£ 20.5 \mathrm{~m}$
- Net debt (which includes lease liabilities) broadly level $£ 27.6 \mathrm{~m}$ (2020: £27.4m)
- Net debt funding now underpinned by new principal banking facilities agreed in August 2020.

[^1]
## Underlying operating profit bridge $£ m$



- Underlying profit down by $£ 2.5 \mathrm{~m}$ to $£ 4.8 \mathrm{~m}$
- CTP resilient, profitability broadly unchanged at $£ 9.2 \mathrm{~m}$
- Operating profit results include all COVID-19-related adverse impact and support (no COVID-19 financials in Exceptionals)
- Main impact is $£ 1.1 \mathrm{~m}$ Aerospace, and $£ 1.3 \mathrm{~m}$ central costs ( $£ 0.7 \mathrm{~m}$ higher PPF levy and $£ 0.6 \mathrm{~m} f \mathrm{x}$ )


## Divisional Operating Performance Summary

Carclo Technical Plastics
Revenue and Underlying Op. Profit $£ m$


## CTP - Performance Summary

- Revenue stable at only $0.6 \%$ down YOY
- Lower volumes from COVID-19 impact offset by new business won
- H2 Recovery to $£ 55.3 m, 17 \%$ up on H1 ( $£ 47.2 \mathrm{~m}$ ) hit by mandatory closures across global sites
- Underlying op. profits stable, $0.4 \%$ down at $£ 9.2 m$ (2020: £9.25m)
- H2 $£ 6.0 \mathrm{~m}, \mathrm{£} 2.8 \mathrm{~m}$ increase from $\mathrm{H} 1 £ 3.2 \mathrm{~m}$ on $£ 8.1 \mathrm{~m}$ higher sales
- 2020 level at $\mathrm{H} 2 £ 4.6$ m, against $£ 4.7 \mathrm{~m}$ H1
- Operating margin stable at 9.0\%
- Prospects for CTP remain robust, with new major customers gained in the year


## Divisional Operating Performance Summary

Aerospace
Revenue and Underlying Op. Profit $£ m$


Aerospace - Performance Summary

- Aerospace is hardest hit and may take c.3-4 years to recover, but is:
- Generating cash at its low point
- Much smaller in scale and impact at below 5\% of Carclo turnover
- COVID-19 impact taking longer to work through, given high proportion of aftermarket sales
- H2 sales ( $£ 2.4 \mathrm{~m}$ ), H1 (£2.7m)
- $£ 0.6 \mathrm{~m}$ underlying operating profit down
$£ 1.1 \mathrm{~m}$ on $£ 2.4 \mathrm{~m}$ lower revenue


## Consolidated Income Statement

| Consolidated income statement year ended 31 March | $2021$ $£_{0000}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2020 \\ & £ 000 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Continuing operations |  |  |
| Revenue | 107,564 | 110,506 |
| Underlying operating profit | 4,840 | 7,313 |
| Rationalisation costs | $(1,968)$ | $(4,065)$ |
| - Past service credit in respect of retirement benefits | 6,458 | - |
| - Impairment of Aerospace | - | $(1,405)$ |
| Exceptional items | 4,490 | $(5,470)$ |
| Operating profit | 9,330 | 1,843 |
| Finance revenue | 42 | 97 |
| Finance expense | (2,701) | $(2,485)$ |
| Profit / (loss) before tax | 6,671 | (545) |
| Income tax expense | (457) | $(1,355)$ |
| Profit(loss) after tax but before profit(loss) on discontinued ops | 6,214 | $(1,900)$ |
| Profit / (loss) on discontinued operations, net of tax | 1,198 | $(9,509)$ |
| Profit / (loss) for the period | 7,412 | $(11,409)$ |

## Consolidated Income Highlights CONTINUING OPERATIONS

- Of $£ 107.6$ m Revenue H 1 of $£ 50.0 \mathrm{~m}$ rose $15 \%$ to $£ 57.6 \mathrm{~m}$ in H 2 with COVID19 recovery
- This contrasts with 2020 H2 Revenues dropping $3 \%$ at $£ 54.4$ m on H1 (£56.1m)
- Of $£ 4.8$ m underlying Op. Profit. H 2 at $£ 3.3$ m, was up $£ 1.8$ m on H1 $£ 1.5 m$ on $£ 7.6 \mathrm{~m}$ higher revenue
- (2020 H2 u Op. Profit $£ 4.0 m$, up $£ 0.7$ m on $£ 3.3 m$ for H1 2020)
- Exceptionals YOY $£ 10 \mathrm{~m}$ overall reversal gain from:
- Exceptional rationalisation costs halved by $£ 2.1 \mathrm{~m}$ to $£ 2.0 \mathrm{~m}$ from £4.1m 2020
- Exceptional past service pension credits $£ 6.5 \mathrm{~m}$ ( $£ 6.7 \mathrm{~m}$ new flexible retirement offer effect, $£ 0.2 \mathrm{~m}$ GMP equalisation costs)
- Finance costs up $£ 0.2 \mathrm{~m}$ to $£ 2.7 \mathrm{~m}$ including new bank agreement fees
- Income tax reduced to $£ 0.5 \mathrm{~m}$ from $£ 1.4 \mathrm{~m}$ from provisions no longer required, reduced taxable profits and lower mix of regional tax rates
- $£ 8.1 \mathrm{~m}$ improvement in Profit After Tax for continuing operations to $£ 6.2 \mathrm{~m}$

DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

- $£ 1.2 \mathrm{~m}$ net profit from the LED technology businesses exit


## Group Net Debt YOY movement

Group net debt (£m)


- Net debt marginally increased, up $£ 0.2 \mathrm{~m}$ to $£ 27.6 \mathrm{~m}$
- Operating cash inflows of $£ 8.0 \mathrm{~m}$ were complemented by working capital inflows of $£ 3.7 \mathrm{~m}$, with positive $f \times$ gains of $£ 1.1 \mathrm{~m}$ offsetting P\&L losses, and $£ 1.3 \mathrm{~m}$ receipts from the discontinued technology businesses, totalling $£ 14.1 \mathrm{~m}$ of inflows
- Against this, $£ 7.3 \mathrm{~m}$ was invested in capex, $£ 3.6 \mathrm{~m}$ in lease additions, $£ 1.3 \mathrm{~m}$ in net pension contributions, and $£ 2.0 \mathrm{~m}$ in rationalisation costs totalling $£ 14.3 \mathrm{~m}$ in outflows including nominal movements


## IAS 19 Deficit Movements (£m)

IAS deficit movement to 31 March 2021
Development of IAS19 deficit


- Overall $£ 0.3 \mathrm{~m}$ reduction. Key changes:
- BPO credit of $£ 6.5 \mathrm{~m}$ from new flexible retirement offer March 2021
- Admin Expenses include PPF levy increase to $£ 0.9 \mathrm{~m}$, and higher admin expenses from restructuring
- Financial assumptions $£ 12.3 \mathrm{~m}$ adverse, mainly lower discount rates; asset returns experience $£ 1.0 \mathrm{~m}$ lower
- Demographics $£ 6.7 \mathrm{~m}$ gain including mortality


## Consolidated Financial Position

| Consolidated statement of | 2021 | 2020 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Financial Position at 31 March 2021 | £000 | £000 |
| Intangible assets | 21,848 | 22,880 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 43,218 | 40,395 |
| Deferred tax assets | 384 | 407 |
| Trade and other receivables | 112 | 114 |
| Total non-current assets | 65,562 | 63,796 |
| Inventories | 12,821 | 14,201 |
| Contract assets | 2,898 | 1,424 |
| Trade and other receivables | 19,254 | 19,775 |
| Cash and cash deposits | 15,485 | 19,309 |
| Total current assets | 50,458 | 54,709 |
| Total assets | 116,020 | 118,505 |
| Loans and borrowings | 37,997 | 3,862 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 4,393 | 4,559 |
| Contract liabilities | 866 | - |
| Retirement benefit obligations | 37,275 | 37,620 |
| Total non-current liabilities | 80,531 | 46,041 |
| Loans and borrowings | 5,084 | 42,804 |
| Trade and other payables | 17,016 | 18,420 |
| Current tax liabilities | 17 | 879 |
| Contract liabilities | 5,461 | 1,607 |
| Provisions | - | 23 |
| Total current liabilities | 27,578 | 63,733 |
| Total liabilities | 108,109 | 109,774 |
| Net assets | 7,911 | 8,731 |
| Equity |  |  |
| Ordinary share capital issued | 3,671 | 3,671 |
| Share premium | 7,359 | 7,359 |
| Translation reserve | 5,333 | 7,051 |
| Retained earnings | $(8,426)$ | $(9,324)$ |
| Total equity attributable to equity holders | 7,937 | 8,757 |
| Non-controlling interests | (26) | (26) |
| Total equity | 7,911 | 8,731 |

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 2021

- Non-Current Tangible Assets: Capitalisation increased by net $£ 2.8 \mathrm{~m}$
- Working Capital: Reduced YOY and generated £3.7m in cash flow
- Net Debt excluding leases $£ 20.5 \mathrm{~m}$, down $£ 1.6 \mathrm{~m}$ from $£ 22.1 \mathrm{~m}$ and includes US COVID-19 support loan of $£ 2.1 \mathrm{~m}$ (forgiven in May 2021 by the US Government)
- Net Debt including leases $£ 27.6 \mathrm{~m}$, up $£ 0.2 \mathrm{~m}$ from $£ 27.4 \mathrm{~m}$, including $£ 1.8 \mathrm{~m}$ in increased lease debt
- Retirement Benefit Obligations: IAS 19 deficit broadly same YOY at $£ 37.3 \mathrm{~m}$ (2020: $£ 37.6 \mathrm{~m}$ )
- Net Assets: Overall $£ 0.8 \mathrm{~m}$ reduction after fx translation net losses of $£ 1.7 \mathrm{~m}$


## Group Operating Cash Flow Summary includes discontinued operations

|  | $\begin{aligned} & 2021 \\ & £ 000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2020 \\ & £ 000 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cash generated from operations | 11,202 | 21,803 |
| Interest paid | (1,782) | $(1,568)$ |
| Tax paid | $(1,023)$ | (933) |
| Net cash from operating activities | 8,397 | 19,302 |
| Cash flows frorinvesting activities |  |  |
| Proceeds from sale of business, net of cash disposed | 1,250 | 5,456 |
| Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment | 21 | 2,500 |
| Interest received | 42 | 104 |
| Acquisition of business, net of cash acquired | - | (250) |
| Purchaseof property, plant and equipment | (7,189) | $(8,512)$ |
| Purchaseof intangible assetscomputer software | (139) | (19) |
| Net cashused ininvesting activities | $(6,009)$ | (721) |
| Cash flows from financing activities |  |  |
| Drawings on nevfacilities | 38,697 | - |
| Transaction costs associated with the issue of debt | (380) | - |
| Repayment of borrowings excluding lease liabilities | $(31,666)$ | (9) |
| Repayment of lease liabilities | $(1,601)$ | (3,122) |
| Net cash from(used infinancing activities | 5,050 | $(3,131)$ |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | 7,441 | 15,450 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 8,352 | $(7,038)$ |
| Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash held | (308) | (60) |
| Cash andcash equivalents at end of period | 15,485 | 8,352 |

- $\quad \mathrm{f} 11.2 \mathrm{~m}$ cash generated from operations
- 2020 comparatives include realisation of assets from LED technologies discontinued operations
- ( $£ 2.8 \mathrm{~m}$ ) applied to interest and tax
- (£7.3m) capex spend
- $£ 6.3 \mathrm{~m}$ generated from financing \& sale proceeds
- $£ 7.4 \mathrm{~m}$ increase in cash and equivalents


## Summary and Outlook

- Business stabilised and now improving
- New management team and Board appointed
- Simplified business structure
- Processes strengthened and rigorous review process in place
- Significant investment in CAPEX for future growth
- CTP performing well, Aerospace will take some time to recover
- Clear strategies in place for both divisions

We are encouraged by our trading performance during the first quarter and the Board expects to see good progress in the current year.

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